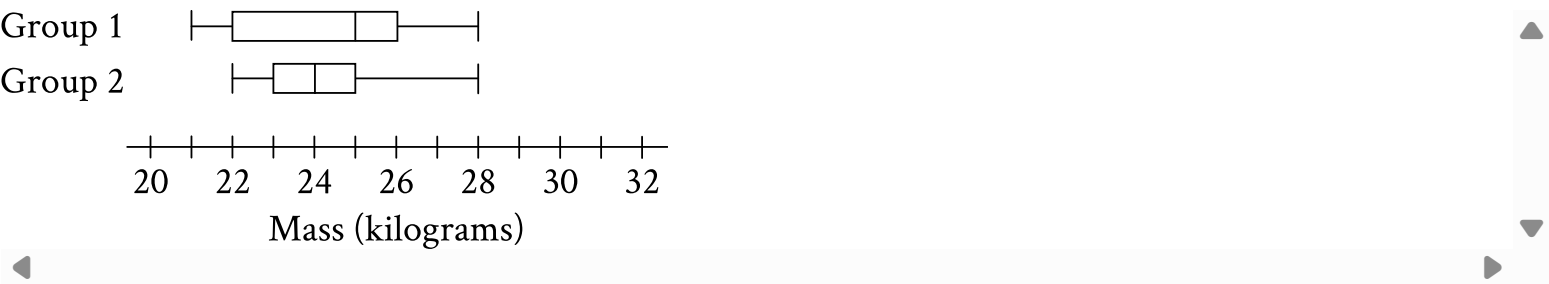


Question ID 59b7ef3e

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 59b7ef3e



The box plots summarize the masses, in kilograms, of two groups of gazelles. Based on the box plots, which of the following statements must be true?

- A. The mean mass of group 1 is greater than the mean mass of group 2.
- B. The mean mass of group 1 is less than the mean mass of group 2.
- C. The median mass of group 1 is greater than the median mass of group 2.
- D. The median mass of group 1 is less than the median mass of group 2.

Question ID df636b8e

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: df636b8e

Data set A consists of the heights of **75** objects and has a mean of **25** meters. Data set B consists of the heights of **50** objects and has a mean of **65** meters. Data set C consists of the heights of the **125** objects from data sets A and B. What is the mean, in meters, of data set C?

Question ID 30a4f4a3

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 30a4f4a3

Data set A consists of the heights of **75** buildings and has a mean of **32** meters. Data set B consists of the heights of **50** buildings and has a mean of **62** meters. Data set C consists of the heights of the **125** buildings from data sets A and B. What is the mean, in meters, of data set C?

Question ID 052af884

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 052af884

Data set F consists of **55** integers between **170** and **290**. Data set G consists of all the integers in data set F as well as the integer **10**. Which of the following must be less for data set F than for data set G?

- I. The mean

II. The median
- A. I only

B. II only

C. I and II

D. Neither I nor II

Question ID adcab929

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: adcab929

Data value	Frequency
6	3
7	3
8	8
9	8
10	9
11	11
12	9
13	0
14	6



The frequency table summarizes the **57** data values in a data set. What is the maximum data value in the data set?

Question ID 3c4d9ad7

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 3c4d9ad7

The table shown summarizes the number of employees at each of the **17** restaurants in a town.

Number of employees	Number of restaurants
2 to 7	2
8 to 13	4
14 to 19	2
20 to 25	7
26 to 31	2

Which of the following could be the median number of employees for the restaurants in this town?

- A. **2**
- B. **9**
- C. **15**
- D. **21**

Question ID 6a85d2ca

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 6a85d2ca

Each of the following frequency tables represents a data set. Which data set has the greatest mean?

A.

Value	Frequency
70	4
80	5
90	6
100	7

B.

Value	Frequency
70	6
80	6
90	6
100	6

C.

Value	Frequency
70	7
80	6
90	6
100	7

D.

Value	Frequency
70	8
80	5
90	5
100	8

Question ID 877d34aa

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 877d34aa



The dot plot represents the **15** values in data set A. Data set B is created by adding **56** to each of the values in data set A. Which of the following correctly compares the medians and the ranges of data sets A and B?

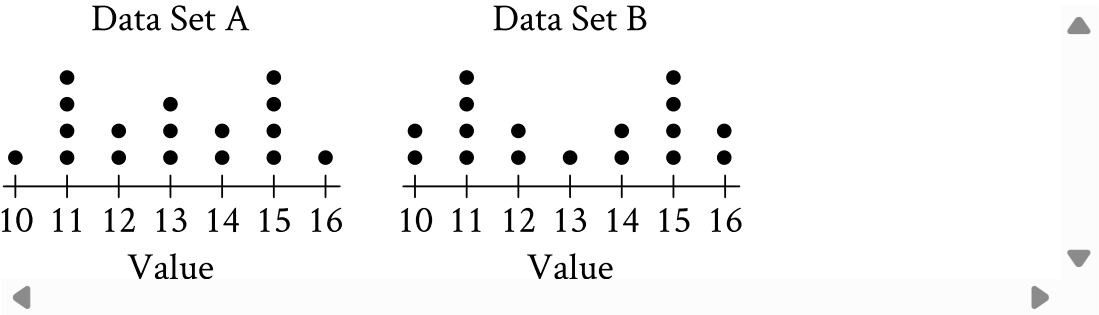
- A. The median of data set B is equal to the median of data set A, and the range of data set B is equal to the range of data set A.
- B. The median of data set B is equal to the median of data set A, and the range of data set B is greater than the range of data set A.
- C. The median of data set B is greater than the median of data set A, and the range of data set B is equal to the range of data set A.
- D. The median of data set B is greater than the median of data set A, and the range of data set B is greater than the range of data set A.

Question ID a24e4c19

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: a24e4c19

The dot plots represent the distributions of values in data sets A and B.



Which of the following statements must be true?

- I. The median of data set A is equal to the median of data set B.

II. The standard deviation of data set A is equal to the standard deviation of data set B.
- A. I only

B. II only

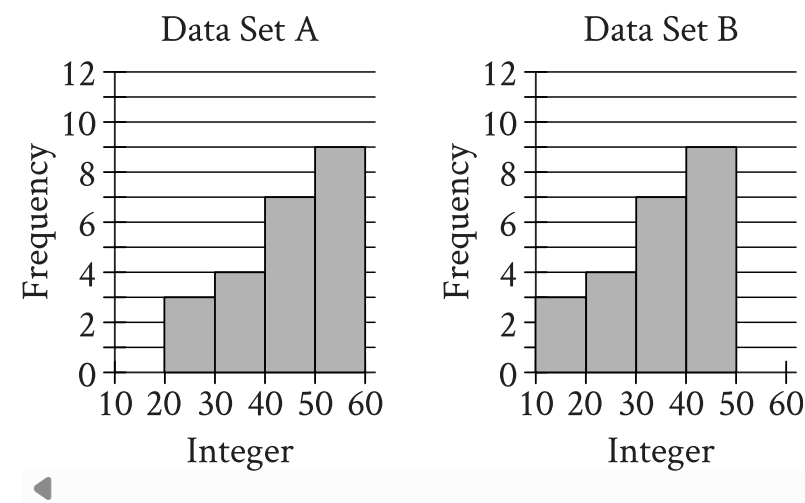
C. I and II

D. Neither I nor II

Question ID 8d82c32b

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 8d82c32b



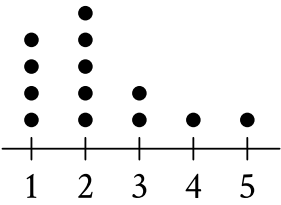
Two data sets of **23** integers each are summarized in the histograms shown. For each of the histograms, the first interval represents the frequency of integers greater than or equal to **10**, but less than **20**. The second interval represents the frequency of integers greater than or equal to **20**, but less than **30**, and so on. What is the smallest possible difference between the mean of data set A and the mean of data set B?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 10
- D. 23

Question ID 8521e464

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 8521e464



Number of bursts

The dot plot represents a data set of the number of bursts for **13** eruptions of a steam vent. If an additional eruption with **11** bursts is added to this data set to create a new data set of **14** eruptions, which of the following measures will be greater for the new data set than for the original data set?

- I. The median number of bursts

II. The mean number of bursts
- A. I and II

B. I only

C. II only

D. Neither I nor II

Question ID d029366d

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: d029366d

Data set A consists of **10** positive integers less than **60**. The list shown gives **9** of the integers from data set A.

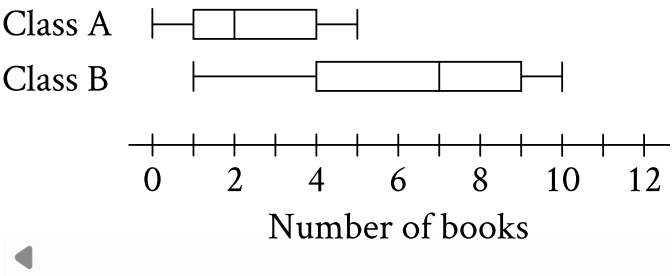
43, 45, 44, 43, 38, 39, 40, 46, 40

The mean of these **9** integers is **42**. If the mean of data set A is an integer that is greater than **42**, what is the value of the largest integer from data set A?

Question ID 31511d69

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div></div> <div></div> <div></div>

ID: 31511d69



The two box plots show the distribution of number of books read over the summer by the students in two different English classes. What is the positive difference between the ranges of number of books read over the summer for the two classes?

Question ID 124cbdca

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: 124cbdca

The table shows the frequency of values in a data set.

Value	Frequency
19	7
21	1
23	7
25	4

What is the minimum value of the data set?

Question ID ab74cba9

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: ab74cba9

Value	Data set A frequency	Data set B frequency
30	2	9
34	4	7
38	5	5
42	7	4
46	9	2

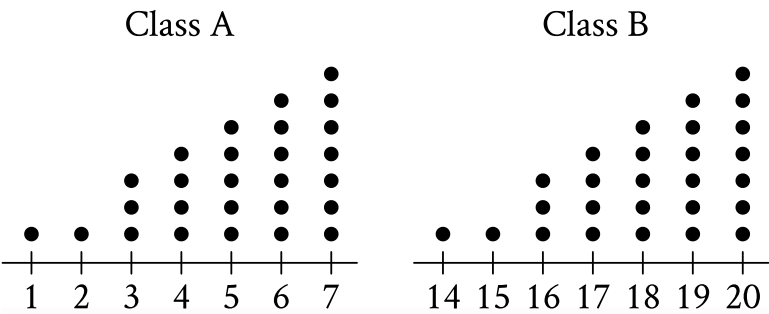
Data set A and data set B each consist of **27** values. The table shows the frequencies of the values for each data set. Which of the following statements best compares the means of the two data sets?

- A. The mean of data set A is greater than the mean of data set B.
- B. The mean of data set A is less than the mean of data set B.
- C. The mean of data set A is equal to the mean of data set B.
- D. There is not enough information to compare the means of the data sets.

Question ID e6f6cf0d

Assessment	Test	Domain	Skill	Difficulty
PSAT/NMSQT & PSAT 10	Math	Problem-Solving and Data Analysis	One-variable data: Distributions and measures of center and spread	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>

ID: e6f6cf0d



Each of the dot plots shown represents the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for two classes, class A and class B. Which statement best compares the standard deviations of the numbers of glue sticks brought in by each student for these two classes?

- A. The standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class A is less than the standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class B.
- B. The standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class A is equal to the standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class B.
- C. The standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class A is greater than the standard deviation of the number of glue sticks brought in by each student for class B.
- D. There is not enough information to compare these standard deviations.